

Bringing data in sight Data citations in research

Forum Bibliometrie 2021

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The rise of research data

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Data as 'first class research objects'

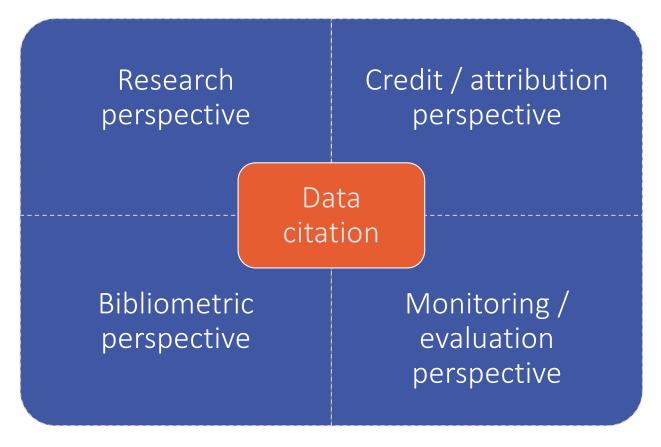
The First Principle: Importance (status)

Data citations should be accorded the same importance in the scholarly record as citations of other research objects, such as publications

The potentials and promises of data citation

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Why is data citation important?



Outline



- → Why is data citation challenging?
- → Bringing data "in sight"
 - Facilitating data citation
 - Studying data citation practices
- → Bringing data insight
 - Meaningful Data Counts project

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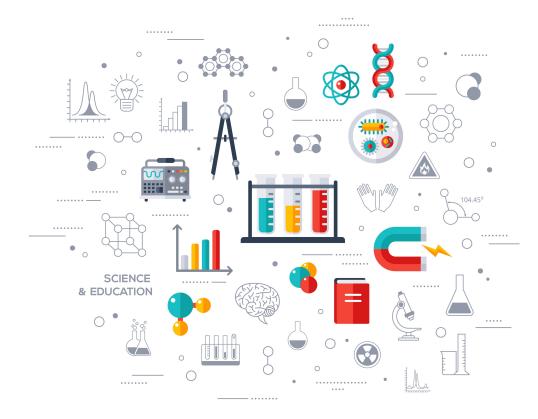
Why is data citation challenging?



Data are defined differently in different communities.

- → One person's signal is another person's noise.
- → Data do not stand alone.
- → Disciplinary differences in data sharing and reuse

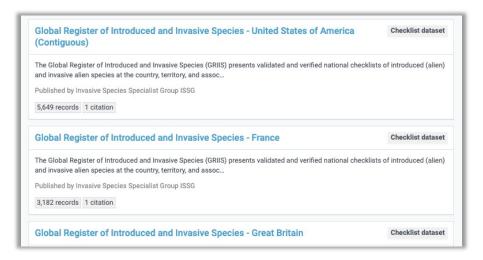
Borgman, C. L. (2015). Big data, little data, no data: Scholarship in the networked world. MIT Press.

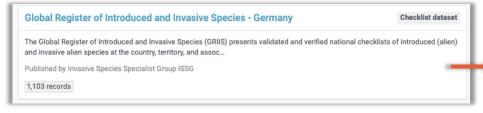




Granularity







I	id	locationID	countryCode	occurrenceStatus	establishmentMeans
	119000	Germany	DE	Present	Native Alien
	119001	Germany	DE	Present	Alien
	119002	Germany	DE	Present	Alien

Borgman, C. L. (2016). Data citation as a bibliometric oxymoron. In C. R. Sugimoto (Ed.), Theories of informetrics and scholarly communication (pp. 93–116). De Gruyter. https://doi.org/10.1515/9783110308464-008

Silvello, G. (2018). Theory and practice of data citation. *Journal of the Association for Information Science and Technology*, 69(1), 6–20. https://doi.org/10.1002/asi.23917

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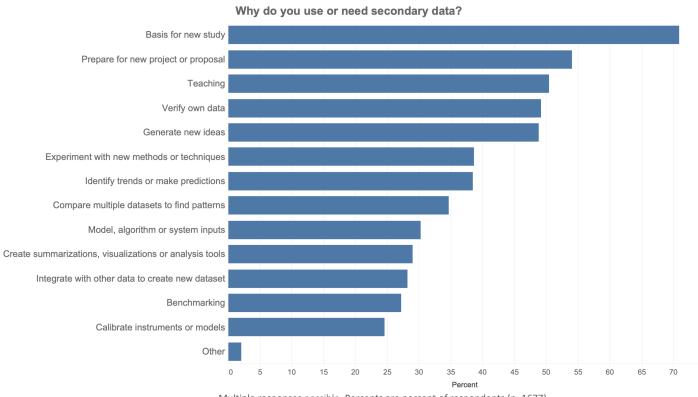
Fixity – dynamic data

- → Data which are constantly collected, evolving
- → Example: High resolution climate change scenarios





Not all uses may be cited.



Multiple responses possible. Percents are percent of respondents (n=1677).

Gregory, K., Groth, P. Scharnhorst, A., Wyatt, S. (2020). Lost or found? Discovering data needed for research. Harvard Data Science Review. https://doi.org/10.1162/99608f92.e38165eb



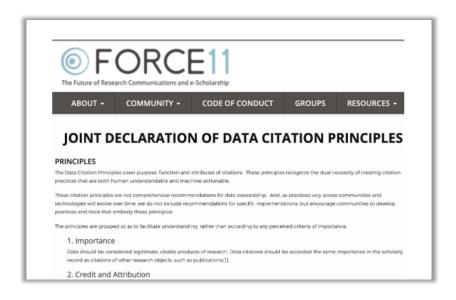
Bringing data "in sight"

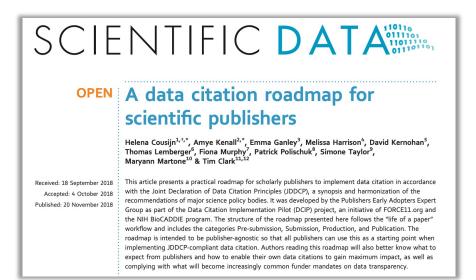
Facilitating data citation
Studying data citation practices

Facilitating data citation



Many principles, roadmaps, projects, working groups





Data Citation of Evolving Data



Recommendations of the Working Group on Data Citation (WGDC)
Andreas Rauber, Ari Asmi, Dieter van Uytvanck and Stefan Pröll





Bibliometric data sources



Data Citation Index and (increasingly) DataCite

Data Citation Index

- → Clarivate (2012)
- \rightarrow 380+ data repositories indexed
- → <u>Selection criteria</u>: subject, repository attributes, geographic scope
- → Document types: repository, data study, data set, software
- → WoS subject categories / research areas

DataCite

- → Non-profit organization (2009)
- → Assigns DOIs to data, etc.
- → DataCite members input metadata according to <u>DataCite schema</u>
- → Or DataCite collects data externally
- → 6 required metadata fields
- → Subject not required

 $\frac{https://clarivate.com/webofsciencegroup/solutions/webofscience-data-citation-index/}{}$

https://datacite.org/

Studying data citation practices

Lack of permanence, standardization, citations

- → Possibly impermanent citations: URLs, low incidence of DOIs, link rot (Yoon et al., 2019; Peters et al., 2016; Pepe et al., 2014)
- →Informal references in text or acknowledgements (Park et al., 2018)
- → Majority of data remain uncited; certain data types cited more (DCI) (Robinson-Garcia et al., 2016; Peters et al., 2016)

Studying data citation practices

Disciplinary practices

→ Hard sciences (biomedical in particular) account for ~80% of records in Data Citation Index

(Torres-Salinas et al., 2014)

- → Disciplinary distribution of data citations varies by document type (DCI) (Robinson-Garcia et al., 2016)
- → Tendency to use URLs rather than DOIs in natural & life sciences (DCI) (Peters et al., 2016)

Studying data citation practices

Gaps and opportunities

- →DataCite as a potential source for bibliometric research
 - → But...metadata incompleteness, lack of standardization, ambiguous definitions (Robinson-Garcia et al., 2017)
- →Knowledge of the 'why' behind data citation practices (Mayernik, 2012)
- →Opportunity to critically examine assumptions about data citation (Parsons & Fox, 2013; Borgman, 2016)

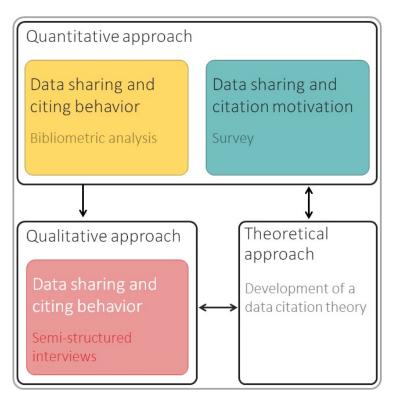


Bringing data insight

Meaningful Data Counts

MDC research project – Bibliometricians + infrastructure

- → Generating empirical evidence
 - →Data sharing and citation patterns
 - → Bibliometric analysis
 - → Theoretical approach
 - →Motivations to (not) share, use and cite data
 - \rightarrow Survey
 - → Semi-structured interviews
 - → Theoretical approach
- → Creating infrastructure for bibliometricians



More questions than answers

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Bringing insight takes work

→ Disciplining data

- →How are disciplinary fields assigned to data?
- →What do they represent context of creation, aboutness, context of reuse?
- →How can metadata be enriched?

→ Data communities

→Going beyond disciplines

→ Responsible evaluation of data practices

→Situated within communities (Mustajoki et al; 2021)



Thank you!

https://zenodo.org/communities/meaningfuldatacounts

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Anton Ninkov, Stefanie Haustein, Isabella Peters

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